COURSE - X-RAYS AND E.C.G. TECHNICIAN

DURATION: 1 YEAR

- 1. ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY : Cell, Cell Division, Tissue, Study of various system-resiratory, Cardio-Vasular, Unirary Tract gential System, Alimentary System, Skeletal System, Surface anatomy, Endocrine System, Components of food.
- 2. Dark Room Technique : Basic structure of dark room, Various accessories in dark room (safe light, X-Ray films, Intesifying acreens) Various stages if film processing, Developer and Fixer Film faults.
- **3. Radio physics :** X-Ray discovery, properties, production X-Ray Tube, Radiation hazards and protection deveces Films badges. Fluroscopic and intensifying screens. Grides Ultrasonography.
- **4.** Electrical Physics (Including gen. Physics) : Idea of units, works power energy, heat. Static Electricity, Current Electricity. Ohm's Law. Electrical circuits heating affect, Resistance. Magnetism Transformer Roctification in X-Ray tube. H.L. Cables, Earthing Electrical Hazards, Atomic Structure, Radio activity.
- 5. Radiography (1st Paper) : General Principles of Radiography, X-Ray Machinesoperation, Records of patients, Medico-Legal aspects, stock taking and stock keeping, aspect of patient first aid.

Hind Paper - Radiography of upper limb : Humerus, shoulder, gride lower limb, hip joint, femour. Pelvic girgte, vertiberate column bones of thorax, skull mandible, dental salivary glands paranasal sinuse optic forming tepropal bones, respiratory system. Alimentary Tract Unnary Tract. Reproductive system, Myelography. Angiography, Sinography, Macroradio System, Myeloraphy, Angiography, Sinography, M.M.R. Cineradso Graphy, Foreign bodies contrast media, notice on exposure tablet Flurescopy Common terms of disceases.

Syllabus of E.C.G (Electro Oardiography Technician) Course : Introduction Haeartanatomy and Physiology, common heart ailments, Cardioversion Electrocadiogram machine, Normal Patterns and variations of the Electrocardigram Intensive cotonary care unit continous E.C.G monitoring, method of analysis of the Electrocardiogram(Rate, Rhythm, Voltage, Axis, Deviation, P wave, R.R. interval, Q wave, ORS complex, ST segment, T wave, Q.T. interval, Ischemic heart diseases (Myocardial intartion, cotonay).